

デジタルハリウッド大学

2024 年度 一般選抜 B 方式

英語 [60 分]

【 注 意 事 項 】

1. 試験監督の指示があるまでは、問題冊子は開かないこと。
2. 試験監督から指示があったら、解答用紙に氏名・受験番号を正確に記入し、受験番号マーク欄にも受験番号を正確にマークすること。
3. 試験開始の合図後、この問題冊子を開き、20 ページ(白紙ページ含む)揃っているか確認すること。
4. 乱丁、落丁、印刷不鮮明などがある場合は、手を挙げて試験監督に知らせること。
5. 解答は、すべて別紙の解答用紙の解答欄にマークすること。
6. 試験開始から終了までの間は、試験教室から退出できません。
7. 不正行為を行った場合は、その時点で受験の中止と退室を指示され、同日受験したすべての科目の成績が無効となる。
8. 解答用紙は試験終了後、回収される。問題冊子は持ち帰っても良い。

これは2ページ目です。
次のページから問題が始まります。

1 次の 1～5 の会話にある空所に入れるのに最も適当な表現を(A)～(D)から一つずつ選びなさい。

1. Woman: Are you going snowboarding this weekend?

Man: []

(A) Excellent.

(B) Absolutely.

(C) Ouch.

(D) Mostly.

2. Man: How do you like your new apartment?

Woman: []

(A) I can't complain.

(B) No, it isn't old, is it?

(C) Sounds like it.

(D) Yes, I think so.

3. Woman: Do they know where he is now?

Man: []

(A) He's well aware of it.

(B) You might want to do so.

(C) I'm not sure about that.

(D) Hopefully, they have.

4. Woman: Would it be too difficult for you?

Man: []

(A) That's too bad.

(B) Yes, I'd love to see that.

(C) Well, I can handle it.

(D) No, you shouldn't have.

5. Man: Why do you think this plan is the best?

Woman: []

(A) Because it's much worse than others.

(B) That's very nice of you.

(C) Because I didn't think of that.

(D) There're lots of reasons.

2 次の 6～10 の会話に関する質問の答えとして最も適当なものを(A)～(D)から一つずつ選びなさい。

6. Woman: What are you going to have for lunch?

Man: I'm not very hungry yet, so I'll go to the cafeteria for just a bite.

Woman: Then can I come with you? I just want some hot soup, too.

What is true of the speakers?

(A) They do not need much food right now.

(B) The woman has brought something hot with her.

(C) They had a late breakfast this morning.

(D) The man does not have much time to eat.

7. Man: Excuse me, Professor. Can I turn in the final assignment on Wednesday?

Woman: Well, the deadline is today. So, if you do that, your score will be reduced by 20 percent.

Man: I see... That's a problem. Will you be in the office this afternoon?

What is true of the speakers?

(A) The woman will not accept any assignments this week.

(B) The man had a lower score than he had expected.

(C) The woman has asked for an extension before.

(D) The man is trying to submit his work on time.

8. Woman: Can I pay by mobile app or credit card?

Man: I'm sorry, you can't. I'm afraid our device is out of order today.

Woman: OK, then. No problem. How much is it all together?

Who is the man most likely to be?

(A) A system engineer

(B) A sales clerk

(C) A regular customer

(D) A security guard

9. Man: Nina, do you have any idea how to take a week off from university?
Woman: Well, I guess you should talk to the student office in Building 6 first.
Man: Yeah, right. I have to go back to my country next week.

What is probably true of the situation?

- (A) The woman has already consulted a police officer.
- (B) Some people had to transfer to other colleges.
- (C) The man will not be allowed to have a one-week break.
- (D) The school has an international student.

10. Woman: Are you coming to our year-end dorm party on Saturday?
Man: Yes, it's at the common room, isn't it? Is there anything I can help you with?
Woman: No, thanks. The dormitory committee does everything for you.

What is probably true of the situation?

- (A) A group of people wants others to give them a hand.
- (B) The man did not know about a social gathering this weekend.
- (C) There will be an event that residents can take part in.
- (D) This is the first time a large party will be held on site.

3 次の 11～20 の空所に入れるのに最も適当な語句を(A)～(D)から一つずつ選びなさい。

11. The technology company in Singapore () people from around the world.
(A) exists
(B) employs
(C) edits
(D) enters
12. Kento visited the city of Rikuzentakata many times to aid earthquake ().
(A) volumes
(B) votes
(C) victims
(D) voyages
13. ChatGPT is () a great advance in the application of artificial intelligence.
(A) inward
(B) indeed
(C) inside
(D) instead
14. A lot of young families are () with the rise in the cost of living.
(A) suspending
(B) surrounding
(C) struggling
(D) satisfying
15. The research group is developing a new () of saving energy in the city.
(A) moment
(B) myth
(C) mass
(D) method
16. Many writers and artists () to the major redevelopment plan for the historic area.
(A) objected
(B) overtook
(C) occurred
(D) offered

17. Over the last two years, our team has been focusing on robotics, () other things.
- (A) up to
 - (B) below
 - (C) in front of
 - (D) among
18. Emma tries not to () time reading endless posts on social media.
- (A) waste
 - (B) wonder
 - (C) withdraw
 - (D) wear
19. Having () meals and enough sleep every day keeps you healthy.
- (A) proper
 - (B) potential
 - (C) patient
 - (D) primary
20. Technological () often completely changes our lifestyles and views of the world.
- (A) identity
 - (B) innovation
 - (C) image
 - (D) illness

4 次の 21～30 の空所に入れるのに最も適当な語句を(A)～(D)から一つずつ選びなさい。

21. Plants may have the () to communicate with other plants nearby.

- (A) unable
- (B) ability
- (C) enable
- (D) able

22. Haruka had not been used to () in public until recently.

- (A) speaking
- (B) be speaking
- (C) speak
- (D) be spoken

23. The government policy had () to do with the issue of social inequality.

- (A) low
- (B) small
- (C) little
- (D) short

24. Andrew often goes to the hardware store and () some materials.

- (A) to get
- (B) getting
- (C) gets
- (D) got

25. Ms. Taylor did not tell () anything about the business meeting.

- (A) to me of
- (B) me
- (C) of me
- (D) me to

26. The earth is getting hotter () hotter each year due to global boiling.

- (A) and
- (B) the
- (C) much
- (D) than

27. () her own decision that actually opened the door to a new career.
- (A) She was
 - (B) There were
 - (C) You were
 - (D) It was
28. I have () some research on the 17 Sustainable Development Goals before.
- (A) done
 - (B) made
 - (C) given
 - (D) had
29. A lot of experts were shocked by the fact () a major war broke out in Europe.
- (A) of
 - (B) that
 - (C) so
 - (D) about
30. More people would apply to universities if the tuition () free.
- (A) have become
 - (B) become
 - (C) will become
 - (D) became

5 次の E メールを読み、31～35 の質問の答えとして最も適当なものを (A)～(D) から一つずつ選びなさい。

From: Codex Japan Main (main@codexjapan.co.jp)

To: All enrolled students

Subject: New classes starting soon!

Dear Codex students,

We hope you've been able to stay warm through the winter cold!

With the school year approaching, now is the perfect time to reserve your weekly time slots for the spring term. Your tutors' schedules for April and beyond are filling up fast, with many of the classes being 85% full or more. We want to make sure that you can get a schedule that works best for you.

Based on your profile**, we recommend the following class:

Python Coding III (A)/(B) (ages 13-20) – either **(A)** Mon./Weds. (18:00-20:00) or **(B)** Sat. (9:00-13:00)

In this course, students create programs in various fields from game design, cyber security, and data science.

If you already know which classes you wish to take, you can make an online reservation through our website, or by calling 040-6886-2002. If you have any questions or need any assistance choosing classes, please email support@codexjapan.co.jp or call 040-6886-2112.

Additionally, this year we are offering a brand-new Back-To-School discount: 5% OFF all classes purchased before March 16th, 2024. The coupon code is **BackToSchool2024**. In order to obtain this discount, simply enter the coupon code when you book your classes through the online registration system. Alternatively, mention the code to the staff member when making a class booking by phone. (Note: not valid for after-school programs at partner schools. Cannot be used with any other offers or coupons.)

We look forward to hearing from you!

Best,

The Codex Japan Team

**Note: you are receiving this email because, as a former student, you were automatically added to our mailing list. If you wish to unsubscribe from the mailing list, simply respond to this email with the word “unsubscribe” as your title.

31. Who was this email sent to?
- (A) Those who have made reservations for the spring term
 - (B) Students who have taken coding courses before
 - (C) Those who already know which class they want to teach
 - (D) Students who are taking the Python Coding III course
32. In which month was this email most likely sent?
- (A) September
 - (B) April
 - (C) June
 - (D) February
33. How many hours per week is the Python Coding III course?
- (A) 2
 - (B) 4
 - (C) 6
 - (D) 8
34. Which of the following is NOT true about the Back-To-School discount?
- (A) You cannot use it for after-school programs at partner schools.
 - (B) It is new this year.
 - (C) You can only get it by using the online reservation system.
 - (D) It cannot be used together with other offers.
35. If you wish to unsubscribe from the mailing list, what should you do?
- (A) Respond to this email
 - (B) Change your profile
 - (C) Mention it to a staff member
 - (D) Call 040-6886-2112

6 次のウェブサイトを読み、36～40 の質問の答えとして最も適当なものを(A)～(D)から一つずつ選びなさい。

Sell Comics and Graphic Novels to **Let'sBuyComics!**

Has your comic collection taken over your room? Sell it to us!

Direct selling system

- Follow the instructions [here](#) and ship your comics to us. Once your comics arrive at our warehouse, you'll receive an offer within seven business days. If you do not accept our offer, we will return your comics to you at your expense.
- We are happy to buy your comics directly and get your cash to you right away. We cannot, however, pay more than 70% of the full market value of an item when buying it directly.
- If you are not in a hurry and want to get the highest possible price for your comics, “consignment” is a better choice for you.

Consignment system. What is it?

When you “consign” a comic, you send the comic to us. We grade the comic for you and provide high-quality photos of the cover. After that, you choose how to sell, either **Auction** or **Buy It Now**. Either way, our commission is only 8-10% of the item's sale price. **Buy It Now items** will immediately be posted for sale to the largest comic book marketplace on the internet. **Auction items** will be assigned to the next available auction. Our **Prime Auctions** take place four times a year: in January, April, July, and October.

What can be consigned?

- Any comic, manga, or graphic novel, depending on condition grade
- Comic book original art, regardless of condition grade
- **Comic books with an estimated retail value of about \$50 or more are acceptable.** You can look in [our database](#) to find the market price. Please note that most comics published in 1980 or later will not be valuable enough.

Ready to consign?

[How to consign](#) will help you get started.

36. If you reject a direct offer, what must you do?
- (A) Come to the warehouse to get your comics back
 - (B) Tell them what offer you would like within 7 business days
 - (C) Pay for return shipping
 - (D) Switch to the consignment system
37. What is an advantage of selling comics directly?
- (A) You can get the best price.
 - (B) You can get paid quickly.
 - (C) You can get your comic graded.
 - (D) You can get photos of the covers.
38. What is the difference between “Auction” and “Buy It Now” consignment?
- (A) The quality of the photos
 - (B) The commission
 - (C) How soon to be on sale
 - (D) The kind of items
39. What consignment items have no condition rules?
- (A) Comic book original art
 - (B) High-quality photos
 - (C) Graphic novels
 - (D) Manga
40. What is true about most comics published in 1980 or later?
- (A) They will be in good condition.
 - (B) They will be acceptable for consignment.
 - (C) They will not be in the database.
 - (D) They will not be worth \$50 or more.

7 次の文章を読み、41～45 の質問の答えとして最も適当なものを(A)～(D)から一つずつ選びなさい。

Recently, more machines have been taking over jobs which people used to do. The process of replacing human workers with powered machines, called *automation*, has been a part of business for over 200 years. In English, there is a word, “Luddite.” You probably haven’t heard this word before. This is because it is an old word. Originally, a Luddite was someone who saw new technology which might do their job and tried to destroy it. The first recorded case of this was in 1811 in England. At this time, textile workers who had spent many years learning their skills smashed up new machinery which was helping non-skilled workers to compete with them.

These days, a “Luddite” means someone who is slow to start using new technology. Some modern Luddites simply find the new technology difficult to use but many others see new technology the same way the original Luddites did 200 years ago. Company bosses may see automation as a welcome improvement in efficiency, but to those lower down the ranks it can still be a negative word.

The Japanese workforce has an unusual automation problem: it isn’t happening fast enough! In 2023, almost 30% of the population was over the age of 65, the age at which most workers have traditionally retired. Furthermore, this number is expected to rise to almost 40 percent by 2065. Every year, the number of people of working age (15-65) is shrinking and these workers have to be replaced with someone. Or *something*. High-tech automation is seen by some people as the solution. One example of this is Japanese construction contractor Shimizu Corporation. Founded in 1804, Shimizu was already in existence when the original Luddites were smashing up machines. More than 200 years later, it announced that it was testing three types of autonomous robots, developed to work alongside humans in a “next-generation production system in which robots and humans will collaborate.”

41. What is “automation”?
- (A) People taking over jobs that other people used to do
 - (B) Being in business for over 200 years
 - (C) Replacing humans with machines
 - (D) A process of giving power over machines to workers
42. What did the original Luddites do?
- (A) They tried to destroy machines.
 - (B) They recorded many cases of new technology.
 - (C) They looked for technology to do their jobs for them.
 - (D) They used words others hadn’t heard before.
43. These days, what is one difference between bosses and those lower down the ranks?
- (A) Bosses are slower to improve efficiency.
 - (B) Bosses see technology the same way as Luddites did 200 years ago.
 - (C) Bosses use more negative words.
 - (D) Bosses are more welcoming of automation.
44. What will be true in Japan in 2065?
- (A) Almost 30% of the population will be over age 65.
 - (B) The number of people aged 15-65 will have shrunk.
 - (C) Most of the population will have retired.
 - (D) Every worker over the age of 65 will have been replaced with someone.
45. What is Shimizu Corporation planning to do?
- (A) Replace all of its workers with three types of robots
 - (B) Celebrate the 200th anniversary of the original Luddites
 - (C) Develop the next generation of humans
 - (D) Have humans and machines collaborate

8 次の文章を読み、46～50 の質問の答えとして最も適当なものを(A)～(D)から一つずつ選びなさい。

Beer is a very popular alcoholic drink and, as a result, it has many types. Even if you don't drink beer, you may know that there are lighter and darker beers. You may even know that there are flavored beers which contain unusual ingredients, such as fruits or herbs. Even experienced beer drinkers, however, may not have heard of beer made from bread.

Beer is made using a natural process in which a carbohydrate reacts with yeast to produce alcohol. It doesn't matter what the carbohydrate is. It could be simple table sugar, sugar contained in fruits (like grapes for wine), or carbohydrates in starchy foods such as malt, wheat, barley or even rice. And bread, of course, is made from wheat. But why would someone make wheat into bread and then bread into beer? Why not just make the wheat into beer directly? Is it because they like the taste of bread? Reportedly, however, the bread beer doesn't taste like bread at all. The truth of the matter is that bread beer was created as part of a much bigger project.

Food waste is a big problem around the world. It is estimated that 30% of all food produced worldwide is lost or wasted. Two-thirds of that 30% is wasted, meaning it is thrown away during transport or is not eaten before going bad. Bread is popular in Japan but many people do not want to eat the crust of sliced bread. Much supermarket sliced bread does not contain the crust slice. Also, when people order sliced bread from a bakery, they often ask to have the end crust cut off. This means that bread factories and bakeries are left with many unwanted crusts.

In 2019, Bricolage Bread & Co., a bakery in central Tokyo teamed up with AJB Brewery in Nagano to produce beer made from leftover bread crusts. Not only does using the bread crusts to make beer prevent them from being thrown away, but also other waste products from making the beer are given to local farmers who can feed them to their animals.

46. Why are there so many types of beers?
- (A) Because beer is very popular
 - (B) Because even people who do not drink beer know it
 - (C) Because beer is alcoholic
 - (D) Because beer contains unusual ingredients
47. How is it possible to make beer from bread?
- (A) Beer contains alcohol.
 - (B) Bread can also be made from rice.
 - (C) Wheat is a carbohydrate.
 - (D) Alcohol is used to make bread.
48. How much food is wasted worldwide?
- (A) 10%
 - (B) 20%
 - (C) 30%
 - (D) 40%
49. Why are so many bread crusts left in Japan?
- (A) Because bread is very popular
 - (B) Because many people ask to order bread from a bakery
 - (C) Because some people buy bread at supermarkets
 - (D) Because they are unwanted
50. After using bread crusts to make beer, what else is possible?
- (A) Waste products can be further recycled.
 - (B) The crusts can now be thrown away.
 - (C) Breweries and bakeries can team up.
 - (D) Farmers can feed unused crusts to their animals.

